## Sanitary Design Checklist - Summary

The following checklist is an outline of Sanitary Design columns from the past eight issues of Dairy, Food and Environmental Sanitation.

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## **General**

## Defining Your Problem Areas

1	Has your consumer complaint rate been steadily rising due to foreign materials found in your products?	6	Has your accident rate increased because of crowded conditions resulting in hard-to-reach areas that require constant cleaning and maintenance?
2	Did your last FDA inspection result in a long list of deficiencies on FDA report 483?	7	Do your quality assurance/quality control sanitation audits continually pinpoint major sanitation deficien-
3	Will your facility require expansion or renovation to meet long-term quality goals and objectives?		cies that can only be corrected by major renovation?
4	Does your USDA inspector continually request improvements that will require capital expenditures?	8	Are you planning to produce new products that will require a more sophisticated sanitary environment?
5	Do you discourage or prohibit plant visitors because you are uncomfortable with the impression the plant would make?	9	Do you require a new plant or a major renovation conceived, designed and constructed using the best sanitation criteria?
Design-Existing Facilities  Evaluating Your Facilities			
	Evaluating 10	ui i'a	icinues
1	Are critical areas of the plant maintained under positive air pressure to help prevent airborne contaminants, including insects, from entering?	8	Is the landscaping designed and laid out to avoid creating harborages and attractions for insects, birds and rodents?
2	Are raw materials kept sufficiently isolated from processed products to prevent cross-contamination?	9	Is piping exposed over the product stream?
3	Is the plant designed to restrict nonessential personnel from passing through processing and packaging areas?	10	Do sewer lines run over process areas, raw material, ingredient and finished goods areas?
4	Are personnel areas and restrooms located so they do not open directly into processing areas?	11	Does the roof over the processing areas have a smooth, nongravel surface to permit cleaning?
5	Is the ventilation adequate to promptly remove excess steam and odors from the process area?	12	Is incoming air filtered to avoid contamination of product stream?

Are there correctly designed handwashing stations in

Have the details of your design been checked against

applicable government regulations by a competent

your process area?

engineer?

and elimination of those that do gain entry?

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products during processing?

Are ceiling areas designed to prevent the accumulation

of dirt and debris which could contaminate your food

Is your plant constructed to minimize the entry of

insects, birds and rodents and to facilitate the control

## Walls, Floors, Ceilings

Are They Sanitary?

Are walls, floors and ceilings made of impervious, Are the drains constructed for automatic flushing easily cleanable, nonpainted, nonpeeling, inert mate-(trench type drains)? Are nontrench drains designed rial? to prevent water retention in or around the drain? Are walls free of ledges or, if present, are the ledges Are the docks located above grade level to prevent slanted at a 60 degree angle? rodent entry? Are your walls window-free? If windows are present, Have horizontal surfaces (pipe hangers, beams, duct are they permanently shut or, if they must be opened, work) over exposed product areas been eliminated? adequately screened? Have drop ceilings been avoided in product processing Are floor, wall junctions coved with a minimum 1" Are ceiling lights adequately protected to prevent glass Are dock entries constructed to prevent bird nesting or other contamination from falling into product due

to breakage?

ports prohibited?

Is lighting adequate to permit adequate cleanup?

Are threaded pipe hangers, unistrut, or similar sup-

- **Equipment**
- Is It Designed to be Sanitary and Cleanable? Are all food contact surfaces nontoxic, nonabsorbent Is all product handling equipment located inside buildand corrosion-resistant? ings or penthouses? Are all food contact surfaces approved by the appro-Is your equipment arranged and located to permit easy priate regulatory agency? access and cleaning, such as at least 6" off the floor, 18" from the ceiling, and 36" from the wall and other Are gear boxes, motors, drives or bearings located equipment? outside the product zone to avoid product contamination due to leakage? Are floor attachments minimized? Are food-grade lubricants used on food contact equipment? Are off-the-floor racks provided for equipment parts dismantled for cleaning or changeover? Are welded joints continuous-welded, ground smooth and flush in food contact equipment, including pipe-Are all pipe joints free of fractures? lines? Do you have adequate screens, metal detectors or 15 Is all material used for inspection ports, windows and magnetic traps installed to detect foreign materials in lights made of shatter-resistant material? your product line? Are all dead ends and cross-connections between Do you fluidize, air convey, or pump to eliminate
- Has your organization demanded that equipment vendors provide a system to adequately and easily clean the equipment they provide to your operation?

ment?

processed and unprocessed product eliminated?

Are sharp corners, cracks, crevices and other hard-to-

clean areas eliminated on your food contact equip-

and pest entry?

Are floors properly sloped to the drains at 1/4" per

18 place their hands in the product zone to adjust the equipment during operation?

stairs over processing areas or equipment?

hard-to-clean screw conveyors, bucket elevators, etc.?

Do you avoid the use of open grating for catwalks and

Is equipment constructed so operators do not have to